

EJERCICIOS DE ALGEBRA LINEAL

Resolver por Gauss-Jordan y por Regla de Cramer

$$\begin{array}{l}
 1.- \quad \begin{array}{l}
 x + 2y - z = 5 \\
 x + y + z = 1 \\
 2x - 2y + z = 4
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{Resp: } x = 3, y = 0, z = -2$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 2.- \quad \begin{array}{l}
 3x + 2y + z = 4 \\
 2x - 3y + 2z = -7 \\
 x + 4y - z = 10
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{Resp: } x = 2, y = 1, z = -4$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 3.- \quad \begin{array}{l}
 x_1 + 2x_2 - 3x_3 = 8 \\
 2x_1 + 5x_2 - 6x_3 = 17 \\
 -x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 - x_4 = -8 \\
 4x_1 + 10x_2 - 9x_3 + x_4 = 33
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{Resp: } x_1 = 3, x_2 = 1, x_3 = -1, x_4 = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 4.- \quad \begin{array}{l}
 x - 3y + 4z = 13 \\
 3x - y + 2z = -3 \\
 -3x + 5y - z = 9
 \end{array}
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{Resp: } x = -\frac{31}{8}, y = \frac{3}{8}, z = \frac{9}{2}$$

Hallar la inversa de las siguientes matrices por Gauss-Jordan

$$1.- \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 5 & -3 \\ -3 & 2 & -4 \end{pmatrix}
 \quad \text{Resp: } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 14 & -8 & -1 \\ -17 & 10 & 1 \\ -19 & 11 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$2.- \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}
 \quad \text{Resp: } A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$3.- A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Resp: A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$4.- A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -1 & 2 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Resp: A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{28} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{56} \\ -\frac{28}{11} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{56} \\ \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{8} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$5.- A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 5 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Resp: A^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & -1 & -8 \\ -3 & 1 & 5 \\ -2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$